

## SETTLEMENT PROTECTION

### Purpose

To protect the integrity of the Ngāi Tahu settlements, protect the rights and interests of Ngāi Tahu and ensure the settlement rights are implemented effectively.

### 1. NGĀI TAHU ANCILLARY CLAIMS TRUST

<b>Ngāi Tahu Ancillary Claims Trust – Taiaroa Heads</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Te Rūnanga o Ōtākou and the Korako Karetai Trust are working together with OTS in order to resolve the transfer of the Taiaroa Heads lands.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Ngāi Tahu Ancillary Claims Trust is due to wind up in November this year. To allow time for a suitable solution to the Taiaroa Heads issue OTS are looking to extend the Ngāi Tahu Ancillary Claims Trust by 18 months.</li> <li>Te Rūnanga would be required to approve this in line with requirements under the Settlement.</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

### 2. BOUNDARIES

<b>Auckland Island Dispute – Ngāti Mutunga o Wharekauri and Moriori</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Te Rūnanga received legal advice in March 2018 in regard to the legal implications of the claims made by Ngāti Mutunga and the Moriori to the Auckland Islands.</li> <li>The advice notes that there are various steps required to be taken which in this instance, Te Rūnanga are currently progressing.</li> <li>The Kaiwhakahaere was approached by Ngāti Mutunga to meet to discuss this claim. However, a time to meet has not been able to be achieved at this point.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

<b>Ngāti Waewae and Ngāti Apa ki te Rā Tō Relationship Agreement</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Te Rūnanga, Ngāti Waewae and Ngāti Apa ki te Rā Tō sent a letter to the Office of Treaty Settlements in December 2017 requesting a time to meet to discuss joint proposals.</li> <li>Strategy and Influence continue to provide assistance to Ngāti Waewae where required.</li> </ul>	

<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

<b><i>Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura – Kati Kuri</i></b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I have been approached by Te Rūnanga o Kaikōura to assist with articulating their mana whenua status to local and central government agencies as they have had issues lately with other claiming interests within their rohe.</li> <li>○ S&amp;I are seeking legal advice and will work alongside Kati Kurī to resolve this issue.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>

### 3. AQUACULTURE SETTLEMENTS

<b><i>Southland New Space Regional Agreement with the Crown</i></b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Investigations into identifying suitable aquaculture space for settlement purposes continues.</li> <li>○ Initial investigations of an area NW of Stewart Island has been identified that has the potential to create a number of opportunities for Ngāi Tahu whānui. The initial opportunities that have identified include securing the Ngāi Tahu footprint, economic return, new growth opportunities, investment opportunities for Papatipu Rūnanga, regional economic development.</li> <li>○ Exploration into securing this space and investigating the potential opportunities is being presented to Te Here. Updates on how this work is progressing will be provided regularly.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
N/A	No/Low Risk 

## INHERENT RIGHTS PROTECTION

### Purpose

- *To achieve the objectives of the inherent rights of Ngāi Tahu Whānui and, using rights-based leverage, to achieve the practical and effective expression of social, cultural, economic, environmental and political outcomes for Ngāi Tahu Whānui.*
- *To ensure Ngāi Tahu maintains a prominent position in national policy reform concerning key kaupapa to preserve and enhance the rights and interests of Ngāi Tahu, and;*
- *To facilitate and create opportunity to enhance cultural, social, environmental and economic outcomes of Ngāi Tahu Whānui.*

## FRESHWATER

Te Mana o te Wai	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Mana o Te Wai is a formal requirement of the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management (NPS-FM), but there has been confusion amongst whānau and councils as to its interpretation.</li> <li>○ Therefore Strategy and Influence have created a draft tribal Ngāi Tahu specific interpretation of Te Mana o te Wai, built from the collective aspirations contained within Iwi Management Plans. It is designed to be consistent with the new tribal position statements. While the Pou Taiao Iwi Leaders Group have provided a national level interpretation of Te Mana o te Wai, a specific interpretation for use within the Ngāi Tahu takiwā is necessary.</li> <li>○ Once finalised and endorsed by tribal leaders, this document can be utilised throughout the takiwā in council processes as a consistent Ngāi Tahu expression. This mahi follows requests from whānau for a primary reference that describes Ngāi Tahu expectations for how Te Mana o te Wai is to be understood and implemented. At the upcoming Wai Māori Rōpū hui (31 August) this draft will be discussed further.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

The Wai Māori Group
<b>Key updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Wai Māori Group has commissioned a piece of work to gain a comprehensive picture of change in waterways across the whole of the Ngāi Tahu takiwā since the Ngāi Tahu Deed of Settlement in 1997 to today. This assessment will be based on the indicators that have been identified by mana whenua.</li> <li>○ Outcomes from the Project will support tribal level and Papatipu Rūnanga level actions that give effect to the new tribal position statements and whānau aspirations.</li> <li>○ Phase One (of three) is currently underway and is focussed on early framework development, including identification and collation of indicators and data sources.</li> </ul>

<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

<b>Freshwater – Te Tiriti Issues</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<p><b>Ngāti Awa –Seeking moratorium on new water consents</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ At the end of June 2018 the Chief Executive of Ngāti Awa released a media statement seeking a moratorium on new water consents in their region. This was in response to a decision made by the Bay of Plenty Regional Council to grant a water bottling application, for a foreign company to expand an existing water bottling plant at Otakiri Springs (near Whakatāne). Ngāti Awa is also considering an appeal to the Bay of Plenty Regional Council consent.</li> <li>○ Ngāti Awa is also seeking to work with other iwi and hapū groupings on water rights matters.</li> </ul> <p><b>Freshwater and Geothermal Energy Claim WAI2358</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Stage 2 of the WAI 2358 inquiry will continue, with week 3 of hearings scheduled for 13-17 August 2018. The hearings will be held at Takapūwāhia Marae in Porirua. The timetable has now been confirmed and the Pou Taiao ILG evidence is being heard on Wednesday 15 August.</li> <li>○ Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu (Te Rūnanga) will keep a watching brief of these proceedings.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

**LAWF Report**

**Key updates**

- A report on avoiding further degradation, managing sediment and managing nitrogen contamination through allocation of nitrogen discharge allowances has been completed by LAWF.
- LAWF have acknowledged again that the resolution of iwi rights and interests must be addressed, otherwise it will make achieving a long-term durable framework for the management of fresh water more difficult, costly and time consuming.
- Other recommendations that were made include:
  - The Government should identify at-risk waterways and ensure plans are in place to halt further decline in quality.
  - Loopholes in the Resource Management Act and the National Policy Statement –Freshwater Management that make it possible for decline to continue should be closed and stronger measures taken to protect wetlands and outstanding waterbodies.
  - Good management practice should be a national requirement, including urban waterways.
  - Stronger measures should be taken to address urban impacts on water quality.
  - Strong government leadership should be accompanied by a new Land and Water Commission to provide the coordination, resourcing and capability needed to make change.
  - The Forum has suggested a staged process for addressing the allocation of nitrogen discharges.
- As the report is completed LAWF will be on a break until further notice.

**Points for Discussion**

- None

**Recommendations and next steps**

**Risk Indicator**

Note the report and its contents

No/Low Risk



## 2. CONSERVATION

<b>Conservation</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A separate paper has been prepared on Key Priority 5: <i>Establishing a new whenua tupuna/kaitiaki classification for conservation land of significance to Ngāi Tahu.</i></li> <li>○ A hui was held on 7 August between Ngāi Tahu Chief Executive Officer and the Director General of the Department of Conservation (DoC) Lou Sanson.</li> <li>○ DoC held a Treaty Partnership Summit (“<b>the Summit</b>”) in late July to celebrate the last 30 years of partnership success with iwi and to develop improved ways of working in partnership.</li> <li>○ Te Rūnanga declined the opportunity to attend the Summit following DoC’s invitation to selected Ngāi Tahu whānau rather than enabling Ngāi Tahu to exercise our tino rangatiratanga to decide who should attend. The DoC also failed to engage with Ngāi Tahu about the design of the summit.</li> <li>○ Work continues with the DoC on the resolution of the concession applications by a number of helicopter operators to land on marginal strips adjoining the High Country Stations.</li> <li>○ DoC has commissioned a Cultural Values Report on the Whakatipu area from the relevant southern rūnanga to assist in their decision making process for the marginal strip helicopter applications.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

## 3. LAND INFORMATION NEW ZEALAND (LINZ)

<b>LINZ</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A hui was held with Land Information New Zealand management and staff in late June.</li> <li>○ The purpose of the hui was to reconnect and grow the relationship following the development of an MOU in 2016.</li> <li>○ The relationship with LINZ has plateaued in recent months as a result of LINZ internal restructuring and subsequent redevelopment of their outcomes framework.</li> <li>○ It was confirmed that Ngāi Tahu remains one of LINZ’s top priority relationships.</li> <li>○ A number of commitments were made to improve the relationship in relation to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Improved communications and processes for Right of First Refusal.</li> <li>- Improved processes and protocols for working with the Overseas Investment Office, Deeds of Recognition and nohoanga.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Low Risk 

## 4. BEEHIVES

<b>Beehives</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A 'global' concession application was sent to DoC in early June. The concession identified 98 areas covering more than 530,000 hectares of potential conservation land for beekeeping.</li> <li>○ The beehive concession was confirmed as received by DoC at the time Te Rūnanga sent the application in early June; however it was not formally logged in DoC's systems for a further four weeks.</li> <li>○ To date no concerns have been raised with the application by DoC officials.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

## 5. TE TURE WHENUA

<b>Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Labour Government have noted that they will be introducing amendments to the Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993 in late-2018 with the intention of having the amendments enacted by mid-2019.</li> <li>○ The amendments will be released in two tranches               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Amendments to the Act; and</li> <li>2. Amendments to other legislation i.e. Rating and valuations, Public Works, Landlocked lands.</li> </ol> </li> <li>○ Te Rūnanga will continue to monitor the progress of these amendments, respond to any requests and continue to keep whānau updated of any progress in this area.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

## 6. MARINE PROTECTED AREAS (MPAs)

<b>MPAs</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Crown has indicated that they would like to progress the proposed Marine Protected Areas Bill (the Bill).</li> <li>○ The Bill was initiated by the previous administration and the intention was to develop a Bill to replace the Marine Reserves Act 1971, which is considered out-dated and no longer fit for purpose.</li> <li>○ Te Rūnanga are generally supportive of the creation of a Marine Protected Areas Bill provided;               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● All key decisions that pertain to our area of interest are made in conjunction with Te Rūnanga the tribal authority and Treaty Partner.</li> <li>● Any government policy around MPAs provides a holistic approach for marine management. This means it must use an integrated package of tools for marine management including non-MPA tools (such as customary protection areas, customary marine title and general fisheries management measures), as was the case with Te Korowai strategy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ DoC is undertaking a review of the Moutere Ihupuku/Campbell Islands Marine reserve. The independent review is required by section 8 of the Sub Antarctic Islands Marine Reserves Act 2014.</li> <li>○ The current marine reserve at Moutere Ihupuku / Campbell Island covers 39% of the territorial sea with an “additional area” comprising the remainder of the territorial sea surrounding Moutere Ihupuku / Campbell Island identified in the Act as potentially suitable to be included in the future.</li> <li>○ The Act therefore includes included a requirement for an independent review to consider the “additional area” that is not currently part of the Moutere Ihupuku / Campbell Island marine reserve.</li> <li>○ Strategy and Influence is working with Te Ao Tūroa, Ta Tipene O Regan and Gail Thompson to develop and progress Ngāi Tahu interests with the DoC</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

## 7. KERMADEC OCEAN SANCTUARY

<b>Kermadec Ocean Sanctuary</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ There has been no formal indication as yet that the Crown will be progressing this proposal, however the Labour - New Zealand First coalition agreement states that parties will “Work with Māori and other quota holders to resolve outstanding issues in the Kermadec Ocean Sanctuary Bill in a way that is satisfactory to both Labour and New Zealand First”.</li> <li>○ The principle issue for Te Rūnanga with regards to the Kermadecs is the continual erosion by the government of Māori fisheries rights guaranteed under the Fisheries Settlement Act 1992 (the Act) without compensation.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
○ None	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	Moderate Risk 

## 8. TAKUTAI MOANA

<b>Takutai Moana</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A High Court Minute has been issued in respect of processes for Takutai Moana applications following the case management conferences (CMC) held in May 2018. The Court has expressed concern at the indication from the Office of Treaty Settlements that it may take up to 18 months to decide which applicants it is willing to negotiate with (via the Ministerial negotiation pathway).</li> <li>○ The High Court Minute also stated that, while priority is already given to the eight priority applications, the Court is willing to hear and determine any application that can be progressed to a stage where it is ready for hearing, in a similar timeframe to the priority applications.</li> <li>○ At the CMC in Dunedin two applications were addressed: the application by Te Rūnanga on behalf of all Ngāi Tahu whānui, and one of the applications by whānau for Ruapuke. In the conference Justice Collins stressed that he would be keen for some applications (potentially including those within the Ngāi Tahu takiwā) to be progressed at a similar time to the priority applications.</li> <li>○ For the non-priority proceedings, the Court has scheduled a second round of CMCs. The CMC for the application by Te Rūnanga will be held in Dunedin on <b>12 June 2019</b>. At that CMC, the Court expects:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Applicants to have substantially completed the task of gathering evidence, and</li> <li>● To have put in place a timetable for the steps required to progress each application to a substantive hearing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Justice Collins also noted that, if a party wants to dispute the role and status of the Attorney-General in Takutai Moana proceedings, application to the Court should be made before 30 August 2018. There has been some concern raised at the adversarial approach taken by the Crown.</li> <li>○ A Waitangi Tribunal Inquiry (WAI 2660) is now under way to address two main questions:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To what extent, if at all, are the Marine and Coastal Area (Takutai Moana) Act 2011 (MACA Act) and Crown policy and practice inconsistent with the Treaty in protecting the ability of Māori holders of customary marine and coastal area rights to assert and exercise those rights?</li> <li>● Do the procedural arrangements and resources provided by the Crown under the MACA Act prejudicially affect Māori holders of customary marine and coastal area rights in Treaty terms when they seek recognition of their rights.</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Te Rūnanga has filed an application to be an interested party in this Tribunal Inquiry. Strategy &amp; Influence, with assistance from Bell Gully, will keep a watching brief.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The High Court deadline of 12 June 2019 establishes a timeframe for the work with Papatipu Rūnanga and other whānau groups to progress our application. Strategy &amp; Influence is contacting Papatipu Rūnanga to set up meetings for this.</li> <li>○ In the last month, Papatipu Rūnanga has been working to address issues with overlapping Takutai Moana applications in the area from Kaikōura to Banks Peninsula.</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents.	Moderate Risk 

## 9. NEXT FOUNDATION AND TE MANAHUNA AORAKI PROJECT

<b>NEXT Foundation and Te Manahuna Aoraki Project</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Waihao, Moeraki and Arowhenua Rūnanga have formed a partnership with the Te Manahuna Aoraki project led by the NEXT Foundation. The project aims to enhance environmental and cultural outcomes across 300,000 hectares in the McKenzie /Aoraki area. The NEXT Foundation is a philanthropic fund seeking to invest in large scale conservation advocacy and restoration projects in New Zealand. It is supported by PwC NZ and law firm Chapman Tripp.</li> <li>○ The project was confirmed in June and initial funding of \$4.5 million is committed over the next three years. The expectation is that it will become a 20 year project with a total investment of \$55 million.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ David Higgins has been appointed as the interim Director by the three rūnanga on the Board of the charitable company that will administer the Te Manahuna Aoraki project. A permanent appointment process will be run in the next few months.</li> <li>○ The Te Manahuna Aoraki charitable company has three Board members: Devon McLean from the NEXT Foundation, an independent Chair, Jan Wright (previously the Parliamentary Commissioner for the Environment), and a Ngāi Tahu director David Higgins. Sara Eddington has been confirmed as a shadow director as a means of developing succession.</li> <li>○ A supporting project is being developed to assist the Rūnanga to grow capacity within the whānau (including tamariki) to participate in the project through education, jobs and training.</li> <li>○ Two of the initial 11 projects will be led by the rūnanga over the next three years focused on the restoration of freshwater and terrestrial environments.</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

## 10. WATCHING BRIEF

<b>Policy</b>	<b>Summary</b>
<b>NZ Interest in Antarctica and the Southern Ocean</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I responded to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade's (MFAT) consultation on a statement of national interest in Antarctica and the Southern Ocean, requiring that the Treaty Partnership, and the cultural connection of Ngāi Tahu with the takiwā be acknowledged by MFAT in their statement.</li> </ul>
<b>Treasury – Living Standards Dashboard</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The proposal seeks to give intergenerational wellbeing a primary position when assessing the national economy.</li> <li>○ S&amp;I responded, emphasising the Ngāi Tahu whānui position, as a Treaty Partner to the Crown.</li> </ul>
<b>Future of Molesworth Station – Formal Letter</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I submitted a detailed response to DoC's consultation process reiterating Ngāti Kurī and Ngāi Tahu mana whenua over the land.</li> </ul>

<b>Legislation</b>	<b>Summary</b>
<b>Zero Carbon Bill</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I responded in support of the Bill, but nonetheless emphasised the Ngāi Tahu position, both as an iwi comprising some 60,000 tāngata whenua, as kaitiaki of our taiao and takiwā, and as an organisation with numerous business interests to be affected.</li> </ul>
<b>Crown Minerals Amendment Bill</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I responded to the Bill, stating that the proposed amendments are generally helpful additions to Crown Minerals management, and can be improved with reference to matters of importance to Ngāi Tahu whānui, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A requirement that customary marine title holders control mining access to areas under their jurisdiction; and,</li> <li>• Ensuring that environmental capabilities are assessed when mining operators change.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## WHĀNAU ORA

### Purpose

*Developing, leveraging and implementing policies and strategies that promote the ability for Ngāi Tahu households to participate, and pursue economic independence including:*

- *Increasing home ownership for Ngāi Tahu Whānui*
- *Increasing employment pathways: mentoring, educational advancement, building careers*
- *Improved educational achievement*
- *Enterprise development: supporting social and/or commercial enterprise, growing ideas and generating employment*
- *Asset Management: money management, savings and equity building.*

### 1. CANTERBURY EARTHQUAKE RECOVERY

<b>Canterbury Earthquake Recovery</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Staff have attended workshops of the group of councils with responsibility for the Canterbury Approach to Natural Hazards Management (with the Regional Coordinator for Civil Defence and Emergency Management) and for Coastal Hazards and Climate Change.</li> <li>○ There are strong opportunities to synchronise communications for the Climate Change Strategy with discussions about strengthening the role of marae in emergencies and our preparedness.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

### 2. LOCAL GOVERNMENT

<b>MWAR Agreements</b>	
<b>Key updates</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A menu of options for agreements has been created and reviewed by Te Rūnanga Legal Counsel to ensure it is legally robust. It is structured around desirable outcomes and areas where there is potential for improvement in local government relationships and processes, as provided for under the law.</li> <li>○ The suite of MWAR options is ready to be introduced to Papatipu Rūnanga. Whānau on the West Coast and in Otago have indicated interest in establishing agreements in their regions, with willing council partners. Focus will be on establishing a process with Papatipu, supported by S&amp;I, to ensure that as much as possible is achieved before the statutory timeframes are triggered.</li> </ul>	
<b>Points for Discussion</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ None</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations and next steps</b>	<b>Risk Indicator</b>
Note the report and its contents	No/Low Risk 

## RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

### Purpose

- *To develop, maintain and enhance relationships with key stakeholders.*
- *Identify key relationships with private sector entities in order to maximise outcomes for Ngāi Tahu.*
- *To maintain existing and forge new meaningful relationships with Iwi at mana and mahi levels.*

### 1. INTER-IWI RELATIONSHIPS

<b><i>The National Iwi Chairs Forum</i></b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ The Kaiwhakahaere, Deputy Kaiwhakahaere, Tā Tipene O'Regan and Terry Nicholas with Te Rūnanga managers and staff support, attended the Iwi Chairs Forum hosted by Waikato-Tainui on 1-3 August 2018.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○</li></ul>
<b><i>Te Tau Ihu</i></b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Te Waka a Māui held a meeting on 31 July 2018. The focus was on kaupapa of primary significance for the eight northern South Island iwi.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○</li></ul>
<b><i>Waikato-Tainui</i></b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ The last meeting between both respective iwi regarding the MoU was in May 2017.</li><li>○ The Kaiwhakahaere met with the Chairperson of Te Aratāura (Waikato-Tainui Governance) to discuss the possibility of re-engaging and continuing discussions on the MoU.</li><li>○ Both iwi have agreed to meet sometime in the near future. It is anticipated that the hui will be held at Te Whare o Te Waipounamu.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Continued engagement through the MoU between both iwi.</li></ul>

## 2. POLITICAL

<b>Labour</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Meetings with Ministers:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Damien O'Connor (Agriculture, Biosecurity, Food Safety, Rural Communities, Trade and Export Growth) – 3 July 2018</li><li>● Grant Robertson (Finance) – Budget update, 11 July 2018</li><li>● Chris Faafoi (Commerce and Consumer Affairs, Civil Defence), 27 July 2018</li></ul></li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Continued engagement with Ministers and officials to advance priority kaupapa.</li></ul>

<b>New Zealand First</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ An invitation to meet with the Deputy Prime Minister Rt Hon. Winston Peters is being followed up.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Strategies for engagement are being explored.</li></ul>

<b>Greens</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ The Kaiwhakahaere and Minister for Conservation have agreed to meet quarterly.</li><li>○ The Kaiwhakahaere has also communicated over the phone with the Minister for Conservation regarding mining on the conservation estate.</li><li>○ The Kaiwhakahaere also engages with the Minister for Climate Change through her role on the Interim Climate Change Committee.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Te Rūnanga remains committed to developing constructive relations with the Minister for Conservation and DoC, and exploring opportunities for improved ways for DoC to work with Ngāi Tahu.</li><li>○ Te Rūnanga and Ngāi Tahu Holdings are committed to audits of our greenhouse gas emissions and development of new practices to reduce our carbon footprint (refer to separate agenda paper on the Ngāi Tahu Climate Change Strategy).</li></ul>

<b>National</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ A meeting was held with Hon Simon Bridges, Leader of the Opposition, on 22 June 2018. Simon Bridges did an interview with Tahu FM.</li></ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ It is intended on-going relationships will be maintained with the National Party.</li></ul>

<b>The Coalition</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Minister of Finance Grant Robertson signalled the Coalition Government's approach in work associated with the Budget, to focus on "capitals" – social, cultural and environmental as well as economic.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ 2018 Budget implications and opportunities.</li> </ul>

## 2 GOVERNMENT DEPT

<b>Crown/Māori Relations</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ A response was provided to Minister Kelvin Davis that represents the views of Ngāi Tahu whānui on the Crown/Māori Relationship.</li> <li>○ The Minister is expected to attend the National Iwi Chairs Forum in Waikato-Tainui on 1-3 August. This may be an opportunity for him to update iwi on progress with the new Crown/Māori Relations portfolio.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Rūnanga and Ngāi Tahu whānui have been considering how to advance Ngāi Tahu priorities in our relationship with the new Minister for Crown/Māori Relations. To date no further updates have been received from the Minister or his officials.</li> </ul>

<b>Tax Working Group</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Following on from S&amp;I's response to the Tax Working Group consultation, Te Rūnanga presented to the Select Committee to speak to the Ngāi Tahu response.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ This is on hold awaiting the release of the Crown's formal report.</li> </ul>

<b>MfE</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Rūnanga and Papatipu Rūnanga attended a workshop hosted by MfE on the discussion document for the Government's proposed Zero Carbon legislation.</li> <li>○ Liaison continues for the response from Te Rūnanga on MfE's proposed new National Planning Standards for all council plans under the RMA.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Rūnanga is committed to advancing Ngāi Tahu interests in the environmental space.</li> </ul>

<b>DoC</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Rūnanga and Kaikōura Rūnanga provided feedback in to DoC's public consultation process for the future management of Molesworth Station.</li> <li>○ The following meetings have been held with DoC over the last quarter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 14 May 2018, with Kaikōura Rūnanga – St James Reclassification</li> <li>● 23 May 2018, with Kaikōura Rūnanga – Molesworth</li> <li>● 14 June and 2 July 2018 – Campbell Island Marine Reserve review</li> <li>● 25/26 June 2018 – NZ Conservation Authority meeting</li> <li>● 10 July 2018 – West Coast Operations Manager, a range of issues for Te Ao Tūroa team and the processes for the review of Stewardship lands and the Ngāi Tahu beehives concession application.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Te Rūnanga is continuing to work on the relationship with DoC, to better support our mutual interests.</li> </ul>

### 3 PRIVATE SECTOR/SOE

<b>Hydro-Generators</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Relationship Management Strategy Hydro Generators and decision paper will be tabled at the August Te Aparangi hui for final approval.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Finalise Relationship Management Strategy Hydro Generators.</li> <li>○ Develop a map of consents required for the operation of major Hydro Generation stations within the takiwā including the conditions of the consents and timeline for re-consenting.</li> <li>○ Undertake a comparative analysis of agreements between Hydro Generation Companies and iwi.</li> </ul>

<b>Meridian</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Waitaki Governance Group were aiming to open the Pūkaki Information Centre in June however had to be postponed due to inclement weather. The new date is 18 of September. An invitation will be sent to all relevant papatipu rūnanga.</li> <li>○ The centre is the first installation of the interpretation mosaic that is being developed in the catchment with further sites expected to be progressed over the next two years. It captures and describes some of the history, both recent and distant, and connection that Ngāi Tahu has had in the catchment.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I continue to engage with the Waitaki Governance Group, key personnel, build relationships and draft a relationship document and work program to be formalised between the respective organisations.</li> </ul>

<b>Genesis</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Last year Genesis requested assistance in developing a proactive process with Ngai Tahu (Papatipu Rūnanga and Te Rūnanga) in order to work through the re-consenting of the Tekapo power scheme. The current consents expire in 2025.</li> <li>○ This request was forwarded on to the Waitaki Governance Group. The Waitaki Governance Group recognises the value of being included and has offered to set up a joint working party. This approach provides for a “ki uta ki tai” approach to catchment management between the papatipu rūnanga, Meridian and Genesis.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Continue to work with key personnel, build relationships and draft a relationship document and work program to be formalised between the respective organisations.</li> </ul>

<b>Contact</b>
<b>Updates</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ S&amp;I have been assisting in the formalisation of the Mata-au deed of agreement between the papatipu rūnanga and Contact.</li> </ul>
<b>Focus for the Quarter</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Continue to work with key personnel, build relationships and draft a relationship document and work program to be formalised between the respective organisations.</li> </ul>

## RISK INDICATOR KEY

<b>RISK INDICATOR</b>	
	No/Low Risk - Risk assessment completed and there are no known risks or all known risks have been mitigated.
	Moderate Risk - Risk assessment completed and some major risk may be impacting the work stream and needs to be resolved, which we expect to achieve.
	Major/High Risk - Risk assessment completed and some major risk has occurred or is likely to occur which will prevent the work stream from reaching identified milestones.